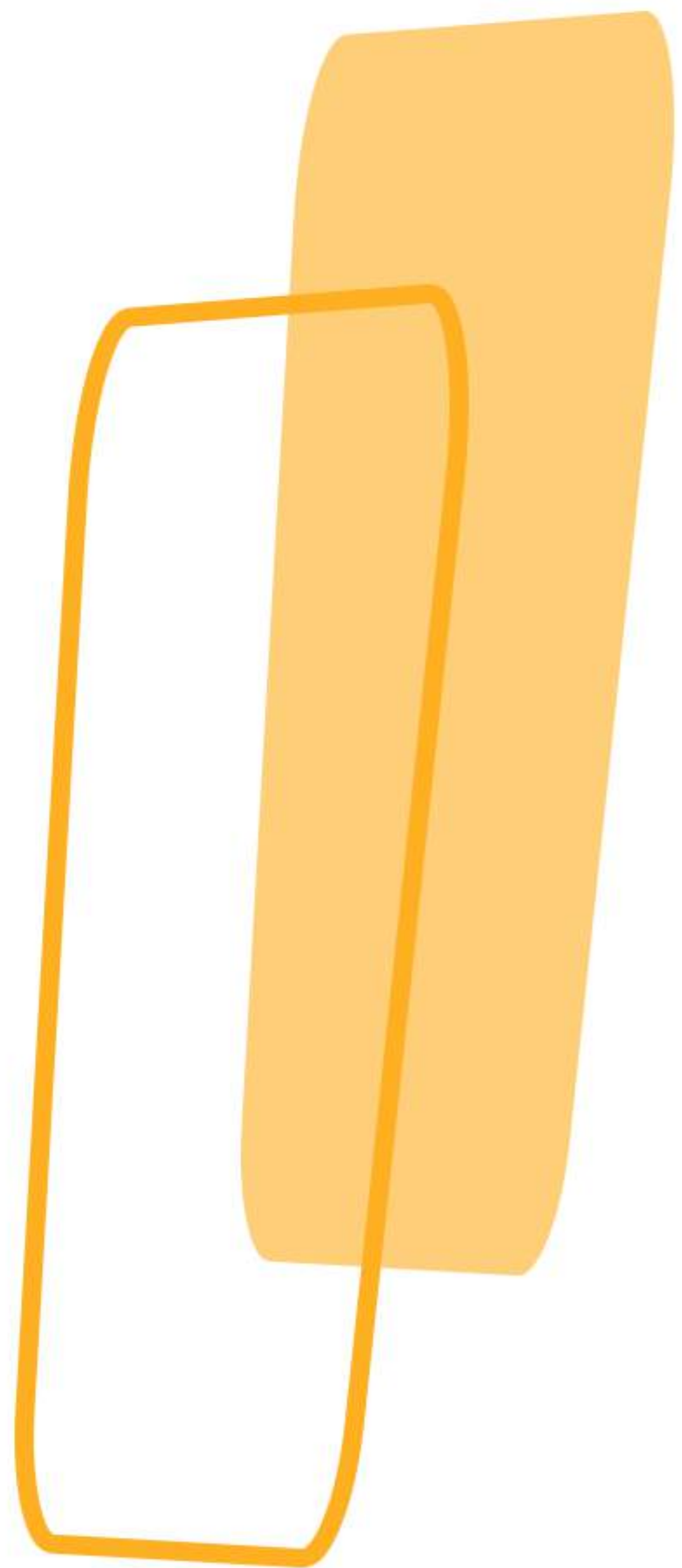




Why Bank Need CEMCS?





Banks require a Comprehensive Endpoint Monitoring and Control Solution (CEMCS) for several reasons:



01. Data Protection



02. Regulatory Compliance



03. Insider Threat Detection



04. Cybersecurity Incident



05. Endpoint Configuration Management



06. Asset Management and Inventory



07. Proactive Threat Hunting



01. Data Protection

Banks handle highly sensitive financial information, including customer account details, transaction records, and personal identification data.

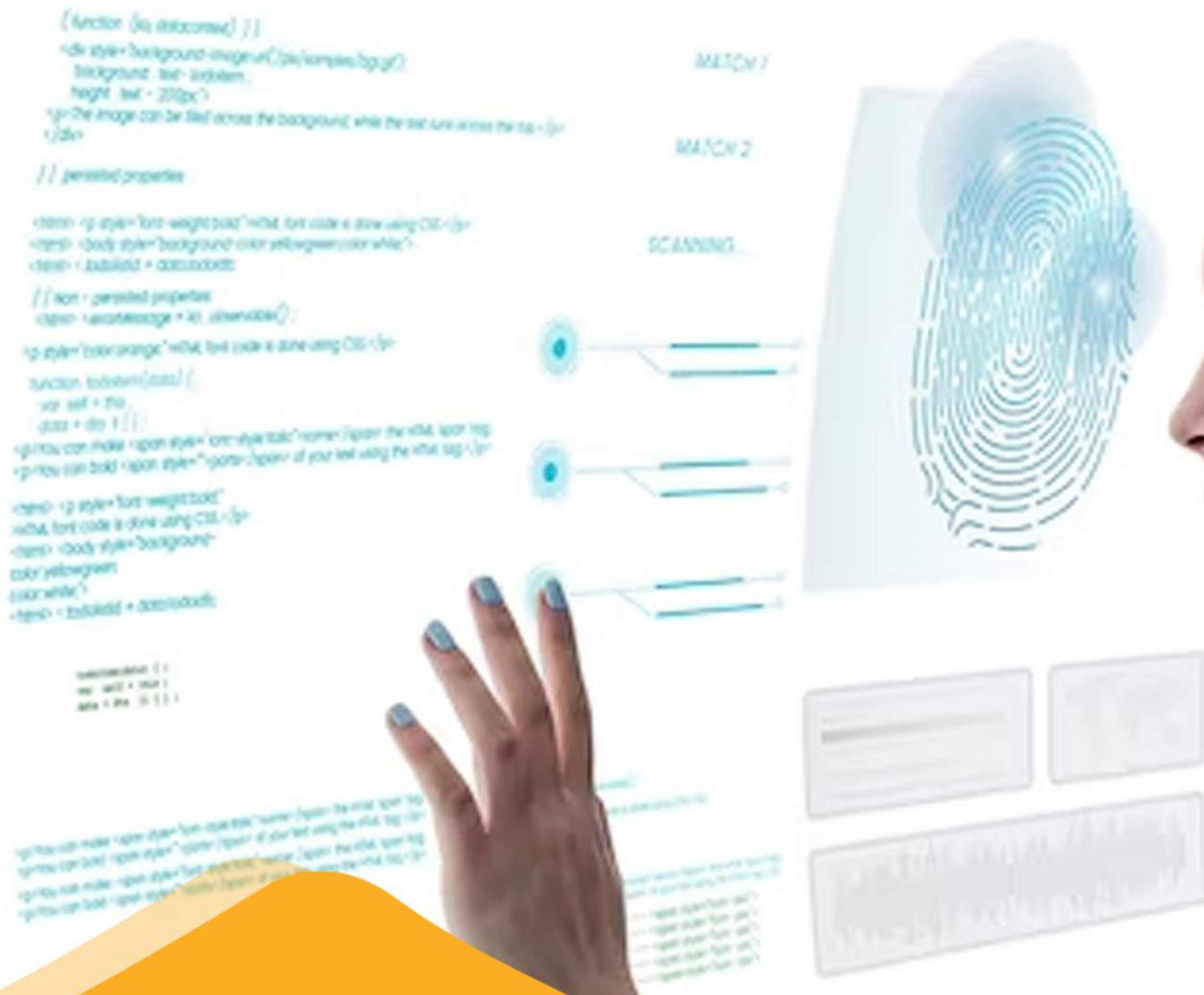
CEMCS helps ensure the security and confidentiality of this data by monitoring endpoints for any unauthorized access attempts, data breaches, or suspicious activities. It helps protect against data loss, identity theft, and financial fraud.



02. Regulatory Compliance

The banking industry is heavily regulated to protect customer interests and maintain the integrity of financial systems.

CEMCS assists banks in meeting regulatory requirements, such as the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (GLBA), Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS), and Basel III. By monitoring and controlling endpoints, banks can demonstrate compliance with regulations, conduct audits, and maintain necessary security controls.

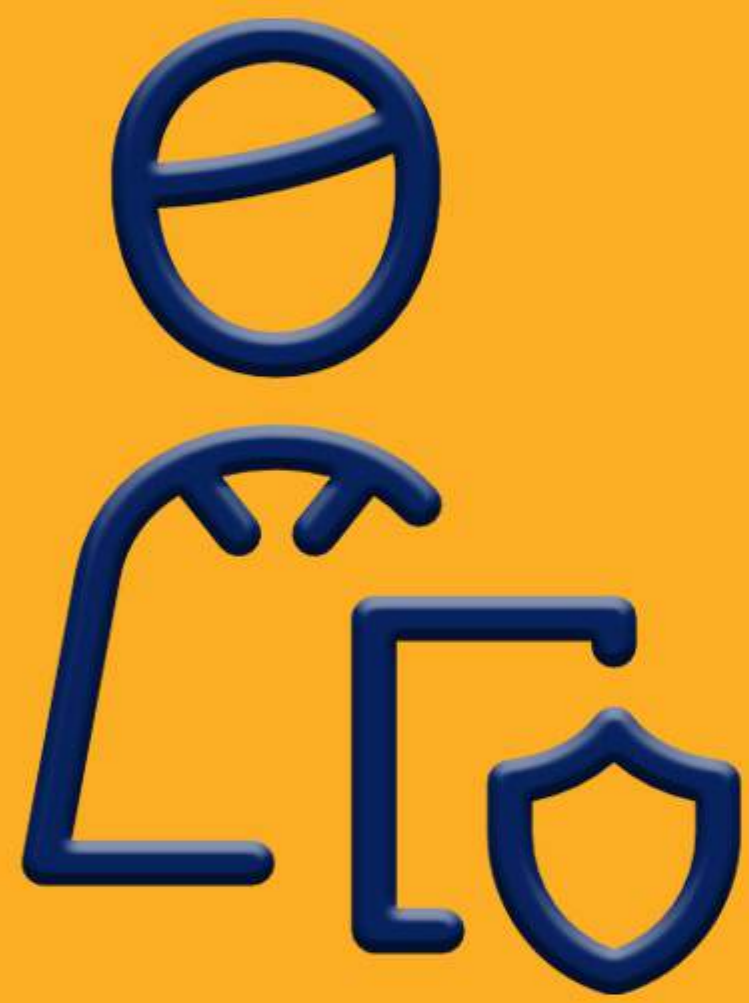


03. Insider Threat Detection

CEMCS helps banks detect and mitigate insider threats posed by employees or contractors who may have authorized access to sensitive systems and data.

It monitors endpoint activities, logs user actions, and detects any suspicious behavior or policy violations.

This allows banks to identify potential malicious activities, such as unauthorized data access, data exfiltration, or attempts to circumvent security controls.



04. Cybersecurity Incident Response

In the face of increasing cyber threats, banks need to respond swiftly to security incidents to minimize damage and ensure business continuity.

CEMCS provides real-time monitoring of endpoints, enabling rapid detection and response to security events.

It helps identify indicators of compromise (IOCs), contain threats, and initiate incident response processes to mitigate the impact of cyber attacks.



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05. Endpoint Configuration Management

CEMCS allows banks to enforce standardized security configurations across endpoints within their infrastructure. It helps ensure that all devices are updated with the latest security patches, antivirus definitions, and security policies.

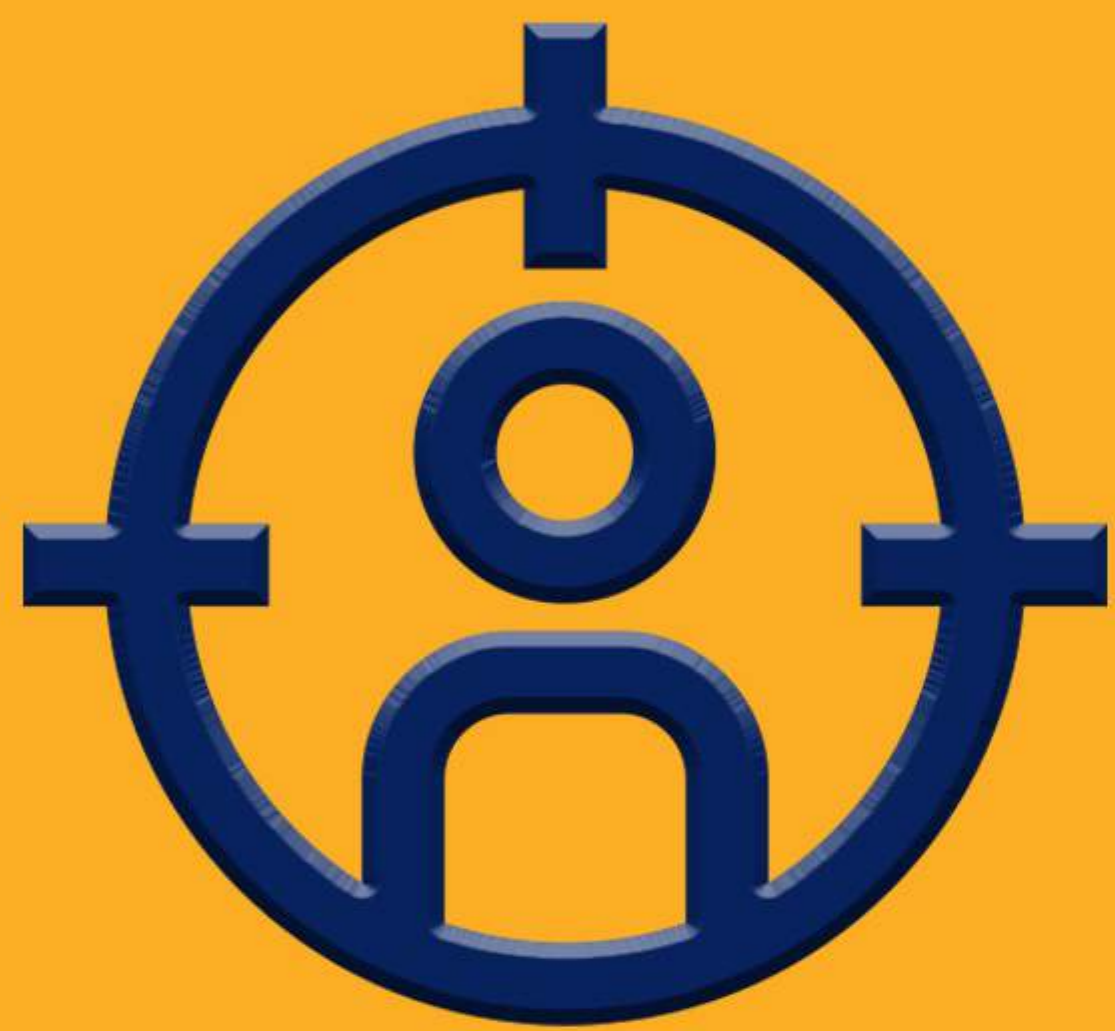
By centralizing endpoint management, banks can reduce vulnerabilities, enforce security best practices, and minimize the risk of successful attacks.



06. Asset Management and Inventory

CEMCS provides banks with visibility into their endpoint environment, including hardware and software inventory. It helps track and manage endpoints, ensuring that all devices are accounted for, properly configured, and compliant with security policies.

This enables banks to enforce security controls consistently across their infrastructure.



07. Proactive Threat Hunting

CEMCS facilitates proactive threat hunting activities by leveraging advanced analytics and detection capabilities. It helps banks identify and investigate potential threats or vulnerabilities across endpoints.

By actively searching for signs of compromise or emerging threats, banks can take preventive measures to strengthen their security posture and protect against evolving cyber threats.

By implementing a Comprehensive Endpoint Monitoring and Control Solution, banks can enhance their cybersecurity defenses, protect customer data, meet regulatory requirements, detect insider threats, respond to incidents effectively, enforce security configurations, and maintain a secure and resilient banking environment.

